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Securities Code: 8098

June 2, 2016

To our shareholders:

Katsutaro Inabata

President

Inabata & Co., Ltd.

1-15-14 Minami-semba, Chuo-ku,
Osaka

Notice of Convocation of the 155th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

You are cordially invited to attend the 155th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of Inabata & Co., Ltd. (the “Company”), which will be held as indicated below.

If you are unable to attend the meeting in person, you may exercise your voting rights in writing or via the internet, etc. Please review the attached Reference Materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders, and exercise your voting rights by 5:10 p.m. on Wednesday, June 22, 2016 (JST) following the instructions given below.

Details

- 1. Date and Time:** Thursday, June 23, 2016, at 10:00 a.m.
- 2. Place:** Conference room, 9th floor of the Company, Sakaisuji Inabata Building
1-15-14 Minami-semba, Chuo-ku, Osaka

3. Objectives

Items to be reported

1. The Business Report and the Consolidated Financial Statements for the 155th fiscal year (from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016), and the results

of audits of the Consolidated Financial Statements by the accounting auditor and the audit & supervisory board

2. The Financial Statements for the 155th fiscal year (from April 1, 2015 to March 31, 2016)

Items to be resolved

- Proposal 1:** Election of nine (9) directors
- Proposal 2:** Election of one (1) audit & supervisory board member
- Proposal 3:** Election of one (1) substitute audit & supervisory board member
- Proposal 4:** Extension of policy on handling of large-scale purchase of shares of company

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- ⊙ When you attend the meeting, you are kindly requested to present the enclosed Voting Right Exercise Form at the reception of the meeting.
 - ⊙ The Consolidated Financial Statements and the Financial Statements provided in the attached documents to this Notice of Convocation form part of the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Financial Statements audited by the audit & supervisory board members and the accounting auditor. Pursuant to the laws and regulations and article 15 of the Company's articles of incorporation, Notes on the Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes on the Financial Statements are posted on the Company's website and are not attached to the attached documents to this Notice of Convocation.
 - ⊙ If it becomes necessary to make changes to the Reference Materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Business Report, the Consolidated Financial Statements and the Financial Statements prior to the day before the meeting, we will notify you of the changes either by postal mail or via the Company's website.

* The Company's website: <http://www.inabata.co.jp>

Reference Materials for the General Meeting of Shareholders

Proposal 1: Election of nine (9) directors

The term of office of all the nine (9) directors will expire at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders.

Accordingly, we propose the election of nine (9) directors.

The candidates for director are as follows:

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
1	<p style="text-align: center;">Katsutaro Inabata (December 3, 1959)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><u>Reappointment</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares</u> owned: 59,000</p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 16 of 16 (100%)</p>	<p>Jan. 1989 Joined the Company</p> <p>Jun. 1995 Director of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 1997 Managing Director of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2003 Director and Managing Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2005 Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Dec. 2005 Director and President of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for director: Mr. Katsutaro Inabata has managed the Company for many years and possesses abundant experience as a senior executive, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as a director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for director.</p> <p>Tenure as director: 21 years (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	-

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
2	<p>Osamu Nishimura (October 25, 1951)</p> <p><u>Reappointment</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 19,200</u></p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 15 of 16 (93.8%)</p>	<p>Apr. 1974 Joined the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2000 Director of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2003 General Manager, Northeast Asia of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2003 Retired from Director of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2003 Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2005 Director and Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Assisting Executive Officer of Display & Imaging Division and Electronics Materials & Equipment Division of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2008 Director and Managing Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>In charge of International Affiliate Management Office of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2010 In charge of overseas businesses of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2011 In charge of Plastics Compound Business Office of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2013 In charge of, and General Manager, International Affiliate Management Office of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2013 In charge of Plastics Division I of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2014 Representative Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company (present) General Manager, Northeast Asia of the Company (present)</p> <p>Apr. 2016 In charge of plastics segment and Asia of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for director: Mr. Osamu Nishimura has held positions of responsibility in the Company's overseas business for many years and possesses abundant experience within the Company, primarily in the plastics segment, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as a director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for director.</p> <p>Tenure as director: 11 years (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	<p>Director, Inabata Sangyo (H.K.) Ltd.</p> <p>Director, Shanghai Inabata Trading Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Director, Taiwan Inabata Sangyo Co., Ltd.</p>

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
3	<p>Toyohiro Akao (December 19, 1959)</p> <p><u>Reappointment</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 14,500</u></p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 16 of 16 (100%)</p>	<p>Apr. 1982</p> <p>Joined the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2004</p> <p>General Manager, Display & Imaging Division of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2005</p> <p>Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2010</p> <p>Director and Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2011</p> <p>General Manager, Electronics Materials & Equipment Division of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2012</p> <p>General Manager, Information & Electronics Division I, Information & Electronics Division II and Information & Electronics Division III of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2013</p> <p>In charge of Information & Electronics Division I, Information & Electronics Division II and Information & Electronics Division III of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2013</p> <p>Director and Managing Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2014</p> <p>In charge of Chemicals Division and Life Industry Division of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2015</p> <p>Representative Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer of the Company (present)</p> <p>Apr. 2016</p> <p>In charge of information & electronics, chemicals, life Industry segments and the Americas, Europe of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for director: Mr. Toyohiro Akao has held positions of responsibility in the information & electronics segment, one of the Company's main segments, for many years and possesses abundant experience within the Company, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as a director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for director.</p> <p>Tenure as Director: six years (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	<p>Director, Inabata Fine Tech Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Director, Taiwan Inabata Sangyo Co., Ltd.</p>

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
4	<p>Kenichi Yokota (November 3, 1962)</p> <p><u>Reappointment</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 10,500</u></p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 16 of 16 (100%)</p>	<p>Jul. 1996 Joined the Company</p> <p>Jul. 2004 General Manager, Finance and Accounting Office of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2005 Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2008 Director and Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>General Manager, Corporate Planning Office of the Company</p> <p>May 2009 In charge of Internal Audit Office of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2009 General Manager, Financial Management Office of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2011 Deputy General Manager, Corporate Planning Office of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2013 In charge of Financial Management Office, and Deputy General Manager, International Affiliate Management Office of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2013 In charge of Risk Management Office of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2014 Director and Managing Executive Officer of the Company (present)</p> <p>In charge of Business Management Office of the Company</p> <p>Apr. 2016 In charge of financial management, investor relations, risk management, business process management, international affiliate management of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for director: Mr. Kenichi Yokota has primarily held positions of responsibility in the Company's financial management for many years, as well as been in charge of administrative areas such as investor relations, risk management, and business process management, and possesses abundant experience within the Company, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as a director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for director.</p> <p>Tenure as director: eight years (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	-

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
5	<p>Tomohiko Sato (June 22, 1955)</p> <p><u>Reappointment</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 15,700</u></p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 16 of 16 (100%)</p>	<p>Apr. 1978 Joined the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2010 General Manager, Housing & Eco Materials Division of the Company (present)</p> <p>Jun. 2012 Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2013 Director and Executive Officer of the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2015 Director and Managing Executive Officer of the Company (present)</p> <p> In charge of Plastics Division II and Housing & Eco Materials Division</p> <p>Apr. 2016 In charge of housing & eco materials segment, assisting Managing Executive Officer of plastics segment of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for director: Mr. Tomohiko Sato has held positions of responsibility in the Company's housing & eco materials segment for many years and possesses abundant experience within the Company, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as a director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for director.</p> <p>Tenure as director: three years (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	-

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
6	<p>Masahiro Sugiyama (June 15, 1958)</p> <p><u>New candidate</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 6,300</u></p>	<p>Jul. 2002 Joined the Company</p> <p>Jun. 2010 Executive Officer of the Company (present) General Manager, Plastics Division II</p> <p>Apr. 2014 General Manager, Information & Electronics Division I of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for director: Mr. Masahiro Sugiyama has held positions of responsibility in the plastics segment and the information & electronics segment, both of which are major segments for the Company, and possesses abundant experience within the Company, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as a director of the Company and has nominated him as a candidate for director.</p>	-
7	<p>Mitsunori Takahagi (December 3, 1940)</p> <p><u>Reappointment</u></p> <p><u>Candidate for outside director</u></p> <p><u>Independent officer</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 0</u></p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 16 of 16 (100%)</p>	<p>Apr. 1964 Joined Nippon Mining Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Jun. 1994 Director, Japan Energy Corp.</p> <p>Jun. 1998 Managing Director, Japan Energy Corp.</p> <p>Jun. 1999 Director, Executive Corporate Officer, Japan Energy Corp.</p> <p>Jun. 2001 CFO & Senior Executive Corporate Officer, Japan Energy Corp.</p> <p>Apr. 2002 President and CEO, Japan Energy Corp.</p> <p>Sep. 2002 Director, Nippon Mining Holdings, Inc.</p> <p>Jun. 2006 President & CEO, Nippon Mining Holdings, Inc.</p> <p>Apr. 2010 Representative Director, President, JX Holdings, Inc.</p> <p>Jun. 2012 Senior Executive Advisor, JX Holdings, Inc. (present)</p> <p>Jun. 2013 Director of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for outside director: Mr. Mitsunori Takahagi possesses abundant experience as a senior executive in a leading company in the energy, resources, and materials industry, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as an outside director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for outside director.</p> <p>Tenure as outside director: three years (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	Honorary Executive Consultant, JX Holdings, Inc.

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
8	<p>Yoshimasa Takao (March 11, 1951)</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin: 5px 0;"> <p>Reappointment</p> <p>Candidate for outside director</p> </div> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 0</u></p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 12 of 13 (92.3%)</p>	<p> Apr. 1973 Joined Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Jun. 2003 Executive Officer, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Jun. 2006 Managing Executive Officer, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Jun. 2008 Director and Managing Executive Officer, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Apr. 2009 Representative Director and Senior Managing Executive Officer, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Apr. 2012 Representative Director and Executive Vice President, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Apr. 2015 Director and Executive Deputy Chairman, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Jun. 2015 Executive Deputy Chairman, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Jun. 2015 Director of the Company (present) Jun. 2015 Outside Director, Fuji Oil Company, Ltd. (present) Apr. 2016 Advisor, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. (present) </p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for outside director: Mr. Yoshimasa Takao possesses abundant experience as a senior executive of a general chemicals manufacturer and holds extensive knowledge of the chemicals industry, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as an outside director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for outside director.</p> <p>Tenure as outside director: one year (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	<p>Advisor, Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. Outside Director, Fuji Oil Company, Ltd.</p>

No.	Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary, positions and responsibilities in the Company	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
9	<p>Katsumi Nakamura (June 23, 1953)</p> <p><u>Reappointment</u></p> <p><u>Candidate for outside director</u></p> <p><u>Independent officer</u></p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 0</u></p> <p>Attendance at meetings of the board of directors: 12 of 13 (92.3%)</p>	<p>Apr. 1978 Joined Nissan Motor Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Jan. 2000 Program Director, Program Management Office, Nissan Motor Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Apr. 2001 Corporate Vice President, Nissan Motor Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Jul. 2003 President, Dongfeng Motor Co., Ltd. (China)</p> <p>May 2008 Executive Vice President, Renault S.A.S. (France)</p> <p>Jun. 2009 Director, Nissan Motor Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Jun. 2013 Chairman of the Board, Calsonic Kansei Corp. (present)</p> <p>Jun. 2015 Director of the Company (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for outside director: Mr. Katsumi Nakamura has abundant experience as a senior executive of large global corporations, so the Company considers him suitably qualified as an outside director of the Company and has nominated him once more as a candidate for outside director.</p> <p>Tenure as outside director: one year (at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders)</p>	<p>Chairman of the Board, Calsonic Kansei Corp.</p>

(Notes) 1. There are no special interests between the candidates and the Company.

2. Mr. Masahiro Sugiyama is a candidate for a new director.

3. Messrs. Mitsunori Takahagi, Yoshimasa Takao and Katsumi Nakamura are candidates for outside directors.

4. Within the past five years, Mr. Yoshimasa Takao has served as an executive in Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., which is a specified affiliated business operator for the Company. The relevant past positions are included in the brief career summary provided above.

5. The Company designates Messrs. Mitsunori Takahagi and Katsumi Nakamura as independent officers under the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc., and submits as such accordingly. When their reelection is approved, they are scheduled to be independent officers continuously. Both of them meet the independence criteria set out in the Company's "criteria for independence of outside officers" (these criteria are provided on page 13).

6. Messrs. Mitsunori Takahagi, Yoshimasa Takao and Katsumi Nakamura are currently outside directors of the Company, and the Company has entered into an agreement with each of them to limit their liability for damages under article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. If their reelection is approved, the Company plans to renew the respective agreement with each of them. Pursuant to this agreement, the Company shall set the defined maximum amount of liability for damages, if he has acted in good faith

and without gross negligence in performing his duties, at the minimum liability amount provided for under article 425, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.

7. “No. of Company shares owned” is current as of March 31, 2016.

Proposal 2: Election of one (1) audit & supervisory board member

The term of office of audit & supervisory board member, Yasuji Matsuyama will expire at the conclusion of this general meeting of shareholders

Therefore, the Company proposes to elect one (1) audit & supervisory board member.

Prior consent to this proposal has been obtained from the audit & supervisory board.

The candidate for audit & supervisory board member is as follows:

Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
<p>Shinji Morimoto (June 27, 1952)</p> <p>New candidate</p> <p>Candidate for outside audit & supervisory board member</p> <p>Independent officer</p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 0</u></p>	<p>Nov. 1975 Joined Price Waterhouse & Co. (present PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata)</p> <p>May 1980 Registered as Certified Public Accountant</p> <p>May 1987 Joined Aoki International Co., Ltd. (present Aoki Holdings Inc.)</p> <p>Jun. 1989 Managing Director in charge of Management Planning, Aoki International Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Jul. 1998 Joined PwC Consulting Service Co., Ltd. (present GBS Division, IBM Japan, Ltd.) Director in charge of Consumer Goods and Retail Industry</p> <p>Apr. 2006 Joined Shinnihon Audit Corp. (present Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC)</p> <p>Jul. 2007 Senior Partner, Shinnihon Audit Corp.</p> <p>Jan. 2015 Established Office Business Inspire, Representative (present)</p> <p>Dec. 2015 Outside Director, Lockon Co., Ltd. (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for outside audit & supervisory board member: Mr. Shinji Morimoto is a certified public accountant, so the Company has determined that he will carry out objective, proactive, and fair audits from an expert standpoint and has nominated him as a candidate for outside audit & supervisory board member.</p>	<p>Outside Director, Lockon Co., Ltd.</p>

(Notes) 1. There are no special interests between the candidate and the Company.

2. Mr. Shinji Morimoto is a new candidate for outside audit & supervisory board member of the Company.

3. The Company designates Mr. Shinji Morimoto as an independent officer under the provisions of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc., and submits as such accordingly. When his election is approved, he is scheduled to be an independent officer. He meets the independence criteria set out in the Company's "criteria for independence of outside officers" (these criteria are provided on page 15-16).

4. If the election of Mr. Shinji Morimoto is approved, the Company plans to enter into an agreement with him to limit his liability for damages under article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. Pursuant to this agreement, the Company shall set the defined maximum amount of liability for damages, if he has acted in good faith and without gross negligence in performing his duties, at the minimum liability amount provided for under article 425, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.
5. “No. of Company shares owned” is current as of March 31, 2016.

Proposal 3: Election of one (1) substitute audit & supervisory board member

The Company proposes to elect the following candidate as substitute for audit & supervisory board member to be ready to fill a vacant position should the number of audit & supervisory board members fall below the number required by laws and regulations and the articles of incorporation.

Prior consent to this proposal has been obtained from the audit & supervisory board.

The candidate for substitute audit & supervisory board member is as follows:

Name (Date of birth)	Brief career summary	Significant concurrent positions at other organizations
<p>Toru Muranaka (June 3, 1965)</p> <p><u>No. of Company shares owned: 0</u></p>	<p>Apr. 1995 Registered as Attorney</p> <p>Nov. 2007 Partner, Daiichi Law Office, P.C. (present)</p> <p>May 2014 Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Furuno Electric Co., Ltd. (present)</p> <p>Jun. 2015 Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Suzuken Co., Ltd. (present)</p> <p>Reason for nomination as a candidate for substitute outside audit & supervisory board member and reason for determining that the candidate would appropriately carry out these duties: Mr. Toru Muranaka, though never having been directly involved in corporate management in any form other than as outside officer, is a qualified attorney, so the Company has determined that his wide-ranging knowledge and insight would enable him to carry out objective, proactive, and fair audits and has nominated him as a candidate for substitute outside audit & supervisory board member.</p>	<p>Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Furuno Electric Co., Ltd.</p> <p>Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Suzuken Co., Ltd. (present)</p>

(Notes) 1. There are no special interests between the candidate and the Company.

2. Mr. Toru Muranaka is a candidate for substitute outside audit & supervisory board member of the Company.
3. If Mr. Toru Muranaka assumes the office of outside audit & supervisory board member because the number of audit & supervisory board members fell below the minimum provided for by laws and regulations and the articles of incorporation, the Company plans to enter into an agreement with him to limit his liability for damages under article 423, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act. Pursuant to this agreement, the Company shall set the defined maximum amount of liability for damages, if he has acted in good faith and without gross negligence in performing his duties, at the minimum liability amount provided for under article 425, paragraph 1 of the Companies Act.
4. Mr. Toru Muranaka meets the independence criteria set out in the Company's "criteria for independence of outside officers" (these criteria are provided on page 15-16) and the requirements for independent officers stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc.
5. "No. of Company shares owned" is current as of March 31, 2016.

<For Reference>

1. Policy and procedure for the appointment of candidates for directors and audit & supervisory board members

When the Company's board of directors elects executives and appoints candidates for directors and audit & supervisory board members, the "nominating and remuneration committee" which mainly consists of independent outside directors, take measures, for instance, such as interviewing candidates, to examine credentials and aptitude which would contribute to the improvement of corporate value in the medium and long term and to ensure the objectivity and fairness of any decision the board of directors makes.

The Company has the "criteria for independence of outside officers," which are set out in section 2 below, independently in place for the election of outside directors and outside audit & supervisory board members and elects them in accordance with these criteria.

2. Criteria for independence of outside officers

The Company has established criteria concerning the independence of outside directors and outside audit & supervisory board members of the Company (hereinafter collectively called "outside officers") as follows, and outside officers who do not meet any of the following conditions are considered independent.

1. An executive (*1) of the Company or a subsidiary currently or within the past 10 years
2. A person who has met any of the following conditions (1) through (7) over the last three years
 - (1) A party whose major client or supplier is the Company (*2) or an executive thereof
 - (2) A major client or supplier of the Company (*3) or an executive thereof
 - (3) A consultant, accountant or legal professional who receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company in addition to compensation as a director/audit & supervisory board member (*4) (In case it is an organization such as a corporation or an association that receives monetary consideration or property, a party which belongs to the said organization.)
 - (4) A major shareholder (*5) of the Company or an executive thereof
 - (5) A major lender (*6) of the Company or an executive thereof
 - (6) A party that receives a donation over a certain amount (*7) from the Company or a party affiliated with an organization that receives a donation from the Company
 - (7) An executive of a company for which an executive of the Company serves concurrently as outside officer of the said company
3. A spouse or relative within the second degree of kinship of the person in 1. or 2. above
4. A person who has served as outside officer of the Company for over eight years

- (*1) “executive” is an executive director, an executive officer or an employee.
- (*2) “A party whose major client or supplier is the Company” is one which has received a payment from the Company equivalent to over 2% of its consolidated annual gross sales.
- (*3) “Major client or supplier of the Company” is one which has paid to the Company an amount equivalent to over 2% of the Company’s consolidated annual gross sales.
- (*4) “Receives a large amount of monetary consideration or other property from the Company in addition to compensation as a director/audit & supervisory board member” means receiving from the Company monetary consideration or property which exceeds the higher of either 2% of sales or total revenue of such party in addition to compensation as a director/audit & supervisory board member or 10 million yen.
- (*5) “Major shareholder” is one whose ownership ratio of voting rights is 10% or higher.
- (*6) “Major lender” is one which has lent the Company an amount equivalent to over 2% of the Company’s consolidated total assets.
- (*7) “A donation over a certain amount” is one over 10 million yen.

Proposal No. 4: Extension of policy on handling of large-scale purchase of shares of company

The Company, taking into consideration the changes in circumstances, has been continuously examining the status of the policy on the handling of large-scale purchases (hereinafter, the “Current Policy”) (valid until the conclusion of the first meeting of the board of directors of the Company to be held by July 31, 2016, following the completion of the 155th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held in June 2016), which was approved by the shareholders at the 152nd Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 25, 2013 and extended by the resolution of the board of directors of the Company on the same day, from the perspective of enhancing corporate value and shareholder value, including whether or not to extend the Current Policy.

As a result of such examination, at the meeting of the board of directors of the Company held on May 10, 2016, a decision was made to extend the policy on the handling of large-scale purchases (hereinafter, the “Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases”), subject to approval at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders. Accordingly, in view of the importance of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases, and in order to widely reflect the opinions of our shareholders, we ask our shareholders to approve the proposal with a majority affirmative vote of the shareholders in attendance at the ordinary general meeting of shareholders. Although some parts of the Current Policy, such as the constitution and the members of the Independent Committee, have been changed, the content of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is basically the same as that of the Current Policy.

If this proposal is approved, the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases shall become effective upon a decision to be made to extend the policy at the meeting of the board of directors of the Company to be held by July 31, 2016, and will be valid until the conclusion of the first meeting of the board of directors of the Company to be held by July 31, 2019, following the 158th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders scheduled to be held in June 2019.

Please be advised that the Company is not currently exposed to a hostile takeover bid.

Please refer to the following for (i) measures to prevent control by inappropriate parties over decisions on financial and business policies of the Company in light of the basic policy on control over the Company and (ii) the content of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases.

I. Basic policy on party that controls decisions on financial and business policies of the Company

When a specific party tries to make a large-scale purchase whose purpose is to acquire shares of the Company that give such buyer the power to influence decisions on financial and business policies of the Company, the Company believes the decision of whether to sell shares should be left to the judgment of the shareholders of the Company.

However, the Company as a group has 55 subsidiaries and 13 associates at home and abroad across Japan, Southeast Asia, Northeast Asia, the Americas and Europe, operating a wide

variety of businesses, mainly consisting of manufacturing and sale of products in areas such as IT & Electronics, Chemicals, Life Industry, Plastics, Housing & Eco Materials and others. For the management of the Company, extensive know-how, abundant experience and a sufficient understanding of relations built with customers/employees and business partners (stakeholders) at home and abroad are essential. If a party that controls decisions on financial and business policies of the Company lacks sufficient understanding of these matters, shareholder value that can be realized in the future may be undermined.

When a large-scale purchase is suddenly made, it is essential that both the buyer and the board of directors of the Company provide adequate and sufficient information so that shareholders can make a proper decision within a short time on whether the proposed purchase price of the Company's shares proposed by the buyer is reasonable. Furthermore, even for shareholders who consider continuing to hold the Company's shares, details of the management policy and business plans such buyer considers when participating in the management of the Company (effect of such large-scale purchase on the Company, policy on relations with stakeholders of the Company, such as employees, affiliates, customers and business partners) are important information in making a decision on whether to keep such shares. Similarly, the Company believes the opinion of the board of directors on such large-scale purchases is also important information for shareholders of the Company for making a decision.

Accordingly, for a large-scale purchase where the acquisition of the Company's shares that give a buyer the power to influence decisions on financial and business policies of the Company is intended, the Company believes such buyer should, to support the judgment of shareholders, provide necessary and sufficient information on such purchase to the board of directors of the Company in advance and commence such purchase only after a certain evaluation period in accordance with certain rules established and disclosed in advance by the Company (Please refer to III 1. below for more details; hereinafter called the "Rules for Large-Scale Purchases").

Of large-scale purchases, there may be one whose obvious purpose is misuse and that would consequently cause irreparable harm to the Company and thus significantly undermine the interests of all shareholders of the Company. The Company believes it is necessary for the protection of the interests of all shareholders of the Company that the board of directors takes appropriate measures against such purchase in accordance with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases.

II. Measures to improve corporate value

The Company has implemented measures to enhance the Company's corporate value in the medium and long term such as the mid-term business plan described below. Although the Company believes that efforts made by the Company's management (i) to strengthen the corporate governance system for the sustainable growth of the Company, and (ii) to implement other measures while continuing to aim for the achievement of the mid-term business plan, will lead to the improvement of the Company's corporate value, the Company also believes that making preparation of the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases in advance will be effective for enhancing the efficiency of these efforts against large-scale purchases of shares of the Company and thus contribute to the common interests of shareholders of the Company.

1. Strategies to achieve the goals in the mid-term business plan “New Challenge 2016”

The Company is making efforts to implement the six key strategies listed below to achieve the goals in the three-year mid-term business plan “New Challenge 2016,” whose final year is the fiscal year ending March 31, 2017. The Company will further strengthen the revenue base and continuously enhance the Company’s corporate value by securing implementation of these measures.

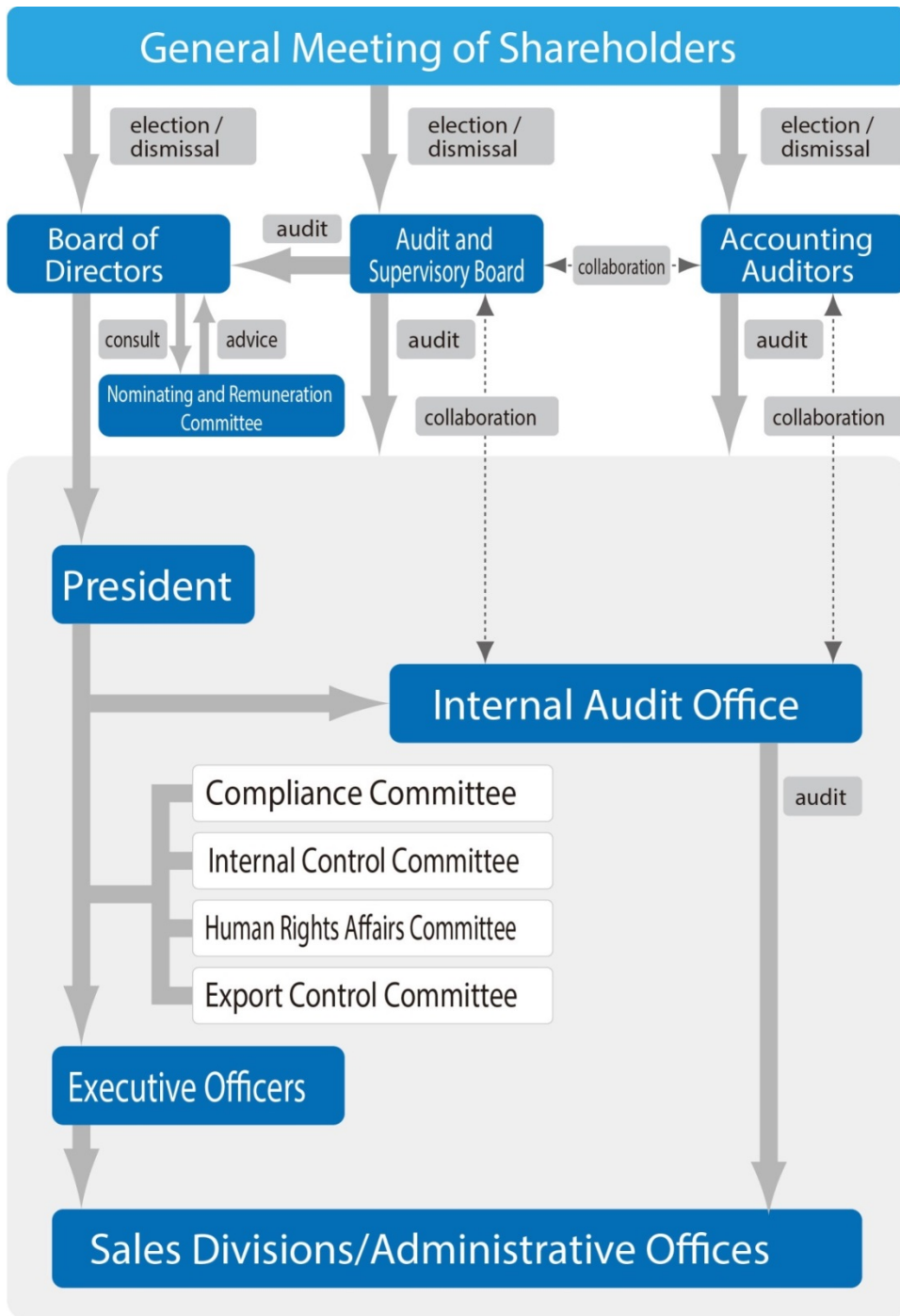
■ Key strategies

1. Further broadening and deepening of overseas business
2. Focusing on markets and untapped fields with potential for growth
3. Laying and enhancing the infrastructure for global management
4. Investing for future growth
5. Further improving capital / asset efficiency and enhancing financial standing
6. Continued fostering of global human resources

2. Measures to enhance corporate governance

The Company, in order to clearly define the management responsibilities towards the shareholders of the Company and assure the management’s capability to swiftly and appropriately respond to changes in the management environment, shortened the term of office of the directors from two years to one year at the 145th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 29, 2006.

Moreover, in order to ensure transparency and fairness of management and to enhance the function of supervision of the board of directors, the Company, subject to approval at each ordinary general meeting of shareholders, will continue to appoint multiple numbers of outside directors who are highly independent. Furthermore, in October 2015, the Company conducted an evaluation of the board of directors (self-evaluation) for the purpose of enhancing the effectiveness and transparency of the board of directors and to increase the Company’s corporate value. The Company will make efforts to increase the Company’s corporate value sustainably by acting upon the issues that were recognized from the results of this analysis/evaluation. The Company discloses information concerning the implementation of the board of directors evaluation (self-evaluation) and its future plans in response to the self-evaluation on the following website: <http://www.inabata.co.jp>.



3. Shareholder return policy

Shareholder return is one of the highest priorities among the Company's policies. Effective the fiscal year ending March 31, 2015, the Company's policy on dividends has been changed with a view to placing an even greater emphasis on returning profits to shareholders and carrying out shareholder returns with more clarity.

Specifically, the policy is now based on a total amount of shareholder returns consisting of the amount of dividends combined with the amount of treasury shares acquired. The company will target a total return ratio (*) that is mainly in the range of approximately 30% to 35%, and determine it based on comprehensive judgments that take into account such considerations as medium- and long-term investment for future enhancement of corporate value.

(*) Total return ratio = (amount of dividends + amount of treasury shares acquired) ÷ consolidated net income x 100

Status of shareholder return in the most recent fiscal years

	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2015	Fiscal year ended March 31, 2016
Dividends per share (JPY)	33	36
Amount of treasury shares acquired (JPY in millions)	604	707
Total return ratio	31.1%	31.1%
Dividend payout ratio (reference)	24.1%	23.7%

We will continue to make efforts to improve the return of profits to our shareholders.

III. Measures to prevent control by inappropriate parties of decisions on financial and business policies of Company in light of basic policy regarding control of Company

As a measure, in accordance with the basic policy described in I above, to prevent control by inappropriate parties of decisions on financial and business policies of the Company, the Company established certain rules (the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases), as described below, that must be followed, when making a purchase of share certificates, etc.ⁱⁱⁱ, of the Company for the purpose of making the ratio of voting rightsⁱⁱ of a certain shareholder groupⁱ 20% or higher, or a purchase of share certificates, etc., of the Company that results in the ratio of voting rights of a certain shareholder group being 20% or higher (in either case, excluding a purchase that the board of directors of the Company approves in advance, regardless of specific methods of purchase, including market trades and tender offers; such purchases are hereinafter referred to as a "Large-Scale Purchases", while such buyers are called a "Large-Scale Buyers"), and stipulates a policy on how to handle cases with which a Large-Scale Buyer must comply with the rules and the measures to be taken in the case where a Large-Scale Buyer does not comply (the policy on the handling of Large-Scale Purchases of shares certificates, etc., of the Company described in this section III is hereinafter referred to as the "Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases").

1. Details of Rules for Large-Scale Purchases

(1) Outline of Rules for Large-Scale Purchase

The Rules for Large-Scale Purchases established by the board of directors of the Company (i) require a Large-Scale Buyer to provide the board of directors of the Company with necessary and sufficient information prior to the Large-Scale Purchase, (ii) secure a designated review period for the board of directors of the Company to review the information, and (iii) allow a Large-Scale Purchase, if the board of directors of the Company determines that it is necessary and reasonable, or if the board of directors of the Company receives a recommendation from the Independent Committee, but only after the procedures to confirm the shareholders' intent are completed.

(2) Provision of information

When a Large-Scale Buyer intends to make a Large-Scale Purchase, to begin with, it must submit to the representative director of the Company a "declaration of intent" stating that it will observe the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases, specifying the name, address, law governing the incorporation, name of representative, and contact details in Japan of the Large-Scale Buyer, and an overview of the contemplated Large-Scale Purchase. Within 10 business days after receipt of the declaration of intent, the board of directors of the Company will deliver to the Large-Scale Buyer an initial list of information to be provided by the Large-Scale Buyer that is necessary and sufficient for the Company's shareholders and the board of directors of the Company to form an opinion (hereinafter referred to as the "Necessary Information").

Details of the Necessary Information provided to the board of directors of the Company by the Large-Scale Buyer may differ according to the nature of the Large-Scale Buyer and the purpose and details of the Large-Scale Purchase; however, some of the items to be generally included as Necessary Information are stated below. For each item, the scope of the Necessary Information will be limited to the extent that is necessary and sufficient for our shareholders to make a decision and for the board of directors of the Company to form an opinion. If the Large-Scale Buyer does not provide any part of the Necessary Information, the Company will demand that the Large-Scale Buyer provide a specific reason; and the fact that the information was not provided, as well as the reason therefor, will be examined by our shareholders and the board of directors of the Company in arriving at a decision and forming our opinion.

- (i) An outline (including information relating to the substance of the business of the Large-Scale Buyer, capital structure and experience in businesses similar to the Company's business) of the Large-Scale Buyer and its group (including joint holders, quasi-joint holders and specially related parties);
- (ii) The purpose and substance of the Large-Scale Purchase (including, among others, amounts/kind of the consideration of the purchase, timing of the purchase, structure of related transactions, legality of the means of purchase, and feasibility of purchase and related transactions);
- (iii) The basis for the calculation of the proposed purchase price for shares of the Company and financial resources to ensure the purchase (including specific names

- of the financial providers (including ultimate financial providers), financing methods, and substance of related transactions);
- (iv) Among others, the candidates for the management team (including information regarding experience in businesses similar to the business of the Company and the Company's group), basic management policy, business plan, financial plan, capital policy, distribution policy, policy of utilization of assets, each as expected after the Large-Scale Buyer participates in the management of the Company and the Company group's business; and
 - (v) A summary of changes, if planned, in the Company's relationship with the Company's and the Company group's business partners, customers, and employees after the completion of the Large-Scale Purchase.

If, after close examination of the information initially provided by the Large-Scale Buyer, the Company finds the information to be insufficient, the board of directors of the Company will request additional information until the Necessary Information is fully provided. We will disclose, when the board of directors of the Company considers appropriate, the fact that a Large-Scale Purchase was proposed and all or a part of the Necessary Information was provided to the board of directors of the Company, if such information is considered necessary for the shareholders of the Company to make their decision.

(3) Review period for the board of directors of the Company

Depending on, among other things, the complexity of the assessment, of the Large-Scale Purchase, the board of directors of the Company expects that, subsequent to full provision of the Necessary Information by the Large-Scale Buyer to the board of directors of the Company, the board of directors of the Company shall be given a period of 60 days (in the case of a purchase of all the shares of the Company by way of a tender offer for cash only, in yen) or a period of 90 days (in the case of other Large-Scale Purchases), to review, examine, negotiate, form an opinion, and seek alternative plans (hereinafter referred to as the "Board Review Period"). Therefore, the Large-Scale Purchase may be commenced only after the end of the Board Review Period; provided that, if the process to confirm the intent of the shareholders described in (5) below is to be followed, then the Large-Scale Purchase may only be commenced after the completion of such process.

During the Board Review Period, the board of directors of the Company shall thoroughly review and examine the Necessary Information it receives, with advice from outside experts, and will carefully form and disclose its opinion. In addition, the board of directors of the Company may negotiate with the Large-Scale Buyer in order to improve the terms of the proposed Large-Scale Purchase or may offer alternative plans to shareholders of the Company, in the capacity of the board of directors of the Company, as necessary.

(4) Independent Committee

The Company has established an Independent Committee as a third-party institution, independent from the board of directors of the Company. The Independent Committee keeps watch over the board of directors of the Company so that the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases

is not used for the self-protection of the board of directors, and serves to prevent a purchase that may undermine or damage the Company's corporate value.

The Independent Committee consists of three or more members, and the members are elected from the outside directors and outside audit & supervisory board members who have satisfied the "criteria for independence of outside officers" established by the Company. The names and brief personal records of the members of the Independent Committee are as listed in Exhibit 2 hereto. Please refer to Exhibit 3 hereto for an outline of the Independent Committee.

Whether or not any countermeasures should be taken is a decision that is ultimately made by the board of directors of the Company. When making the decision, the board of directors shall follow the procedure of consulting the Independent Committee and honor the recommendations from the Independent Committee to the extent possible, as the Independent Committee is designed to ensure fairness of the board of directors' decision. In addition, upon making the above decision, the board of directors must first obtain the approval of the audit & supervisory board of the Company in order to ensure the fairness of the board of directors' decision. There are four audit & supervisory board members of the Company, and three of them are outside audit & supervisory board members.

(5) Confirmation of intent of shareholders

After expiration of the Board Review Period, the Company, on taking countermeasures against a Large-Scale Purchase, may ask the shareholders of the Company to determine whether or not any countermeasures should be taken against the relevant Large-Scale Purchase, to honor the intent of our shareholders. In this case, the Large-Scale Buyer must not commence the Large-Scale Purchase until the procedures for confirmation of shareholders' intent set forth below have been completed. The procedures for confirmation of shareholders' intent shall be carried out if (i) the board of directors of the Company determines that it is necessary and reasonable to carry out the procedures after considering, among other things, the details of the Large-Scale Purchase proposed by the Large-Scale Buyer, the Necessary Information provided by the Large-Scale Buyer, circumstances in which countermeasures would be necessary, and the costs needed to carry out the procedures, or (ii) the board of directors of the Company receives a recommendation from the Independent Committee to carry out the procedures.

The intent of the shareholders of the Company shall be confirmed by a resolution of the general meeting of shareholders of the Company under the Companies Act, or by other similar procedures (hereinafter referred to as the "General Meeting of Shareholders"). If the General Meeting of Shareholders is held, then the board of directors of the Company shall comply with the resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders on whether or not any countermeasures should be taken against the relevant Large-Scale Purchase. The board of directors of the Company shall establish a record date (hereinafter referred to as the "Record Date") for the purpose of determining the shareholders of the Company who are entitled to vote at the General Meeting of Shareholders. The Company shall give public notice in accordance with the method prescribed in the articles of incorporation of the Company two weeks or more prior to the Record Date.

- (i) The shareholders of the Company entitled to vote at the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be those recorded in the shareholders register as of the end of the Record Date.
- (ii) If the General Meeting of Shareholders is to be held, the notice of convocation shall be sent to all the shareholders who are entitled to vote by the close of the day three weeks prior to the date of the General Meeting of Shareholders.
- (iii) Resolution at the General Meeting of Shareholders shall be adopted by the majority of the voting rights of such shareholders present at the same General Meeting of Shareholders.

In the case where any material changes or the equivalent are made to the information that will be used by the shareholders of the Company in making their decision at the General Meeting of Shareholders, the board of directors of the Company may change the Record Date or postpone or cancel the General Meeting of Shareholders, even after the Record Date for the General Meeting of Shareholders has been confirmed.

2. Policy on handling when a Large-Scale Purchase has been conducted

- (1) If a Large-Scale Buyer complies with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases

If a Large-Scale Buyer complies with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases, the board of directors of the Company will, even if it opposes such Large-Scale Purchase, only express its dissenting opinion or present alternative plans to such purchase proposal, and thereby try to convince the shareholders, but it will not take any countermeasures against such Large-Scale Purchase, in principle. Whether or not to accept a purchase proposal by a Large-Scale Buyer is a decision to be made by the shareholders of the Company after consideration of such purchase proposal, the dissenting opinion expressed by the Company and alternative plans to such purchase proposal and other matters. However, even if the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases have been complied with, the board of directors of the Company may take measures, as exceptional measures to the policy, that are deemed to be appropriate in order to preserve the interests of the shareholders of the Company in the case where it is recognized that such Large-Scale Purchase materially impairs the interests of all shareholders of the Company. For example:

- 1. The purchase, as determined from, among other things, the purpose of the acquisition, would clearly impair the corporate value;
- 2. The structure of such proposal compels the shareholders to accept the purchase;
- 3. The conditions of purchase are substantially insufficient and inappropriate in light of the Company's corporate value;
- 4. The purchase impairs the corporate value by impairing the interests of stakeholders, such as employees, customers and business partners.

Here, "1. The purchase, as determined from, among other things, the purpose of the acquisition, would clearly impair the corporate value" is meant to be, for example, cases where:

- (i) a Large-Scale Buyer purchases the shares simply to make parties affiliated with the Company buy them back at a higher price without having any intention to actually participate in the Company's management;
- (ii) the Large-Scale Buyer purchases the shares for purposes of so-called "scorched-earth" management by temporarily taking control of the Company in order to transfer to such buyer and its group companies intellectual assets essential to the Company's management, know-how, confidential corporate information, major business partners or customers, and other matters;
- (iii) the Large-Scale Buyer purchases the shares with the intention of using the Company's assets as collateral for, or as a source of repayment of, the buyer's and its group companies' liabilities after taking control of management; and
- (iv) the Large-Scale Buyer purchases the shares to gain temporary control of management and sell high-value assets or the like, such as real estate and securities not immediately related to the Company's business, in order to use the profit from such sale (a) to make the Company temporarily pay a high dividend, or (b) to use a temporarily high dividend as a device to sharply raise the share price and sell its shares at a profit.

However, the above exceptional measures may not be taken only for the reason that the intention of the Large-Scale Buyer formally falls under one of these examples, and the above exceptional measures shall be taken only in extraordinary circumstances.

In addition, "2. The structure of such proposal compels the shareholders to accept the purchase" is meant to be, for example, the case where the purchase method of the Company's shares proposed by the Large-Scale Buyer is by way of a public offering or other means with unfavorable second-tier purchase conditions or unclear conditions, without offering to purchase all of the shares in the first-tier purchase (so-called "coercive two-tiered purchase").

With respect to consideration to, and decision on whether or not such Large-Scale Purchase materially impairs the interests of all shareholders of, the Company, the board of directors of the Company shall, in order to be objective and rational, make sure to consult with the Independent Committee, obtaining advice from external experts on the propriety of the exercise of exceptional countermeasures based on such Large-Scale Buyer and the detail of the Large-Scale Purchase (among other things, the purpose, method, target, kind and amount of consideration for acquisition), or the impact on the interests of all shareholders of the Company from such Large-Scale Purchase, and the Independent Committee will advise on the matters it is consulted on. Such advice will be announced, and the board of directors of the Company will honor such advice to the extent possible. Furthermore, for the details of such exceptional countermeasures on which the board of directors of the Company must seek consultation, please refer to (2) below.

- (2) If a Large-Scale Buyer does not comply with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchase

In the case where the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases are not complied with by a Large-Scale Buyer, regardless of the specific acquisition structure, the board of directors of the Company may oppose a Large-Scale Purchase by issuing stock acquisition rights or taking other countermeasures permitted under the Companies Act and other laws as well as the Company's articles of incorporation for the purpose of preserving the interests of the Company and all shareholders of the Company. In judging whether or not the Large-Scale Buyer complies with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases, the circumstances on the Large-Scale Buyer side will be sufficiently considered to a reasonable extent, such as (i) the Large-Scale Buyer does not necessarily hold detailed information in respect of the Company, or (ii) there are matters that are not expected to be voluntarily disclosed under the purchase strategy of the Large-Scale Buyer (for example, specific figures of profits, etc., after the purchase) and other matters, and, the Company will not conclude that the Large-Scale Buyer is not in compliance with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases only for the reason that the Large-Scale Buyer failed to provide the Necessary Information requested by the board of directors of the Company. As to whether or not a Large-Scale Buyer complies with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases or not, and the possibility of exercise of countermeasures, the Company will make sure to consult with the Independent Committee and take advice from external experts into consideration, and the Independent Committee will advise on the matters it is consulted on. Such advice will be announced, and the board of directors of the Company will honor such advice to the extent possible. As to the measures to be finally taken, the board of directors of the Company will take such measures as it decides most appropriate at that time. The outline of the stock acquisition rights for the case of allotment of stock acquisition rights without contribution as a specific countermeasure is described in Exhibit 1. However, if such stock acquisition rights are actually to be issued, the Company may set certain limitations on, among other things, the exercise period, terms of exercise, conditions of acquisition and terms of acquisition, that make the exercise of the stock acquisition rights conditional on a party not belonging to a certain shareholder group with more than a designated percentage of voting rights, taking the effectiveness of countermeasures into consideration.

(3) Suspension of exercise of countermeasures

The board of directors of the Company may suspend the execution of, or change, the countermeasures if the board of directors determines, with thorough respect for the opinion or advice of the Independent Committee, that it is not appropriate to execute countermeasures in cases where such Large-Scale Buyer has cancelled or changed the Large-Scale Purchase after the decision to adopt countermeasures was made.

For example, in the case of the allotment of stock acquisition rights without consideration as a countermeasure, if a Large-Scale Buyer cancels or changes a Large-Scale Purchase after the shareholders who will receive an allotment of such rights are determined, and the board of directors determines that it is not appropriate to exercise countermeasures, the exercise of countermeasures may be suspended as follows:

- (i) Until the effective date of the allotment of the stock acquisition rights without consideration, such allotment will be suspended following the advice of the Independent Committee.

- (ii) After the allotment of the stock acquisition rights without consideration, and until the commencement of the exercise period, the Company will acquire such stock acquisition rights without consideration following the advice of the Independent Committee.

In the case where the execution of countermeasures is suspended as described above, prompt disclosure will be made together with the announcement of the matters that the Independent Committee deems necessary.

3. Effects to shareholders and investors

(1) Effects of Rules for Large-Scale Purchases on shareholders and investors

The Rules for Large-Scale Purchases are intended to provide (i) the information required for the shareholders of the Company to decide whether or not to accept a Large-Scale Purchase, and (ii) the opinions of the incumbent board of directors responsible for managing the company, to the shareholders of the Company, as well as to secure opportunities for the shareholders of the Company to receive a presentation of alternative proposals. We believe this will allow the shareholders of the Company to make an appropriate decision as to whether or not to accept a Large-Scale Purchase, based on sufficient information, thereby preserving the interests of all shareholders of the Company. Accordingly, the establishment of the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases will ensure the appropriate investment decision by the shareholders of the Company and the investors and contributes to the interests of the shareholders of the Company and the investors.

In addition, as described in 2. above, the response of the Company to a Large-Scale Purchase would be different depending on whether or not a Large-Scale Buyer complies with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases. Therefore, we would like the shareholders of the Company and the investors to pay attention to the actions of Large-Scale Buyers.

(2) Effects on the shareholders and investors when countermeasures are executed

In the case where the Company concludes that such Large-Scale Purchase would materially impair the interests of all shareholders of the Company, even if a Large-Scale Buyer has complied with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases, or in the case where a Large-Scale Buyer has not complied with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases, the board of directors of the Company may take countermeasures permitted under the Companies Act and other laws as well as the Company's articles of incorporation for the purpose of preserving the interests of all shareholders of the Company. However, the Company does not, in any event, expect any special losses in legal rights or economic prospects to be incurred by the shareholders of the Company (excluding a Large-Scale Buyer violating the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases) by adopting the structure of such countermeasures. If the board of directors of the Company has decided to take specific countermeasures, it will disclose such fact in a timely and appropriate manner in accordance with the laws and regulations and the rules of the financial instruments exchanges.

Among the possible countermeasures, the procedures for the shareholders of the Company in connection with the issuance of stock acquisition rights are as follows.

With regard to the issuance of stock acquisition rights, it is necessary for the shareholders to pay a certain amount of money within the predetermined period in order to acquire new stock by exercising stock acquisition rights. The details of such procedure will be separately notified in accordance with the laws and regulations when stock acquisition rights are actually issued; provided, however, that the shareholders of the Company must, in order to obtain stock acquisition rights, be recorded in the register of shareholders at the end of the allotment date of the stock acquisition rights that is separately determined and published by the board of directors.

The Company may cancel the issuance of the stock acquisition rights, or acquire without consideration those that have been issued, upon the determination by the board of directors following the advice from the Independent Committee. However, in such case, no dilution of share value per share will occur, and, therefore, it is possible for the shareholders or the investors who have bought or sold the Company's shares on the assumption that a dilution of the Company's share value would occur, on or after the ex-rights date for the allotment of such stock acquisition rights without consideration, to incur unexpected losses due to fluctuations of share price.

4. Effective period of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchase

The effective period of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases shall end at the conclusion of the first meeting of the board of directors of the Company to be held by July 31, 2019, following the completion of the 158th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company to be held in June 2019. However, if the extension of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases has been resolved at the meeting of the board of directors subject to the approval of the shareholders at the 158th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company to be held in June 2019, such effective period shall be extended for an additional three years and the same applies thereafter. Even if the extension of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases has been decided, the board of directors will revise such Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases from time to time, in accordance with any amendment to the relevant laws and regulations, including the Companies Act, in view of enhancing the corporate value and the shareholders' value. In addition, even during the effective period of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases, (i) if the abolishment of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases has been resolved at the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company, or (ii) the abolishment of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases has been resolved at the meeting of the board of directors of the Company, the board of directors of the Company shall abolish the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases. The board of directors will immediately provide notice when it has been decided to continue, amend, or abolish the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases.

5. Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is in accord with basic policy on control over Company, does not undermine common interests of shareholders and does not aim to maintain position of Company officers and reasons therefor

(1) Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is in accord with basic policy on control over Company

The Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases stipulates, among other things, details of the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases, the policy of how to handle a case of an actual Large-Scale Purchase, establishment of the Independent Committee and effects on shareholders and investors.

The Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases requires a Large-Scale Buyer to provide necessary and sufficient information on a Large-Scale Purchase to the board of directors of the Company in advance and allows the commencement of such purchase only after a certain evaluation period, and specifies that the board of directors of the Company would take appropriate countermeasures against a Large-Scale Buyer who fails to comply with these rules.

In addition, the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases stipulates that when the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases are followed but the board of directors of the Company determines that a Large-Scale Purchase made by a Large-Scale Buyer significantly undermines the interests of all shareholders of the Company, the board of directors of the Company may take appropriate countermeasures against such Large-Scale Buyer in order to protect the interests of all shareholders of the Company.

As such, the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is designed to align with the idea of the basic policy on control over the Company.

(2) Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases does not undermine common interests of shareholders

As mentioned in I above, the basic policy on control over the Company is based on the premise that the common interests of shareholders of the Company is respected. The Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is designed in line with the idea of such basic policy on control over the Company and aims to provide information necessary for shareholders of the Company to decide whether to accept a Large-Scale Purchase, offer opinions of the board of directors of the Company and guarantee an opportunity to receive an alternative proposal. We believe that the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases contributes to the common interests of shareholders of the Company rather than undermining it.

Furthermore, the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is valid for three years, and its effectuation and extension require the approval of the shareholders of the Company. The Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases expires if its extension is not approved at a General Meeting of Shareholders, and a General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company or the board of directors consisting of directors elected by a General Meeting of Shareholders may abolish the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases before its expiration date. The Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is not a dead-hand type of takeover defense measure (i.e., an anti-takeover measure that cannot be stopped even when a majority of members of the board of directors are replaced) or a slow-hand type of takeover defense measure (i.e., an anti-takeover measure that takes time to stop as members of the board of directors cannot be replaced simultaneously). These guarantee that the Policy of Handling of Large-Scale Purchases does not undermine the common interests of shareholders of the Company.

(3) Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases does not aim to maintain position of Company officers

The Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is based on the fundamental principle that whether to accept a Large-Scale Purchase should be left to the decision of shareholders of the Company, where the board of directors may request compliance with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases and invoke countermeasures, in order to protect the interests of all shareholders of the Company. The Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases requires advance disclosure in detail of a case where the board of directors of the Company invokes countermeasures, and such countermeasures are to be executed by the board of directors of the Company in accordance with the rules of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases.

When the board of directors of the Company assesses, examines and forms its opinions of a Large-Scale Purchase, submits an alternative proposal, negotiates with a Large-Scale Buyer or invokes countermeasures, the board of directors shall take advice from independent outside experts, consult with the Independent Committee consisting of members who are independent of the management team engaged in the business of the Company, and honor recommendations from such Independent Committee to the extent possible. In addition, when recommendations are issued by the Independent Committee in invoking countermeasures against a Large-Scale Purchase, the Company shall confirm the intention of the Company's shareholders concerning whether to invoke such countermeasures. As such, the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases includes procedures to ensure proper management by the board of directors of the Company.

Based on the above-mentioned overview, it is clear that the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases does not aim to maintain the position of officers of the Company.

Note i: A certain shareholder group means:

- (i) a holder (including a party deemed as a holder pursuant to article 27-23, paragraph 3 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law; the same applies hereinafter) and any joint holders (provided in article 27-23, paragraph 5 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law, including a party deemed as a joint holder pursuant to paragraph 6 thereof; the same shall apply hereinafter) of the share certificates, etc. (provided in article 27-23, paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law) of the Company; or
- (ii) a party effecting purchases, etc. (provided in article 27-2, paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and exchange Law, including any purchase, etc., made on a financial instruments exchange market, regardless of whether or not such purchase, etc., is made by the auction method) of share certificates, etc. (provided in article 27-2, paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law) of the Company, and specially related parties (provided in article 27-2, paragraph 7 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law) of such party.

Note ii: Ratio of voting rights means:

- (i) in the case of Note 1(i) above, the holding ratio of share certificates, etc. (provided in article 27-23, paragraph 4 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law; in this case, the number of shares certificates, etc., held (number of share certificates, etc., held as provided

in the same paragraph; the same applies hereinafter) of the joint holders in respect of the holder shall be taken into consideration in the calculation) of the holder of the share certificates, etc., of the Company; or

(ii) in the case of Note 1(ii) above, the amount of the sum of the ownership ratio of share certificates, etc. (provided in article 27-2, paragraph 8 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law) of such relevant Large-Scale Buyer and its specially related parties.

Further, in calculating the share holding ratio and the ownership ratio, the annual report, the quarterly report or the treasury stock purchase report of the Company, whichever document has been most recently submitted to the authorities, may be referred to in deciding the total number of issued shares (provided in article 27-23, paragraph 4 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law) or total number of voting rights (provided in article 27-2, paragraph 8 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law).

Note iii: Share certificate, etc., means shares and other securities as provided in article 27-23, paragraph 1 of the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law.

End of document

Outline of stock acquisition rights

1. Shareholders who are entitled to receive an allotment of stock acquisition rights and terms and conditions of issuance thereof:

One stock acquisition right shall be allotted to a shareholder for each share of common stock of the Company held by such shareholder (excluding the shares of the common stock held by the Company) whose name is recorded in the register of shareholders as of the end of the Record Date to be specified by the board of directors of the Company, without any consideration.

2. Type and number of shares to be acquired upon exercise of stock acquisition rights:

The type of shares to be acquired upon exercise of stock acquisition rights is shares of common stock of the Company, and the total number of such shares may be up to the number obtained by deducting the total number of the issued and outstanding shares (excluding the shares of common stock held by the Company) from the total number of the shares issuable by the Company as set forth in the articles of incorporation of the Company. The number of shares to be acquired upon exercise of one stock acquisition right shall be separately determined by the board of directors of the Company; provided, however, that such number shall be adjusted to the extent necessary if the Company makes a stock split or a stock consolidation.

3. Total number of stock acquisition rights to be issued:

The total number of stock acquisition rights to be allotted shall be separately determined by the board of directors of the Company. The board of directors of the Company may allot stock acquisition rights in installments.

4. Pay-in amount for stock acquisition rights:

The payment of money shall not be required in exchange for stock acquisition rights.

5. Contents and amount of assets to be contributed upon exercise of each stock acquisition right:

The amount of assets to be contributed upon exercise of each stock acquisition right is the amount to be determined by the board of directors of the Company, which must be at least one yen.

6. Restriction on transfer of stock acquisition rights:

Stock acquisition rights may not be transferred without the approval of the board of directors of the Company.

7. Conditions of exercise, and provisions regarding call-rights and triggering event of call-rights regarding stock acquisition rights:

Certain conditions of exercise of stock acquisition rights shall be provided, including a condition that a party belonging to a specific group of shareholders that holds 20% or more of the ratio of voting rights (excluding Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd. and any other with respect to whom the board of directors of the Company admits that the acquisition or holding of share certificates, etc., of the Company by such party is not against the interests of all shareholders of the Company; the same shall apply hereinafter) may not exercise stock acquisition rights. Details of the conditions shall be separately determined by the board of directors of the Company.

The Company may set the provisions regarding call-rights with respect to stock acquisition rights by the Company and triggering event of call-rights, and a party belonging to a certain shareholder group that holds 20% or more of the ratio of voting rights and other shareholders may be treated differently, or stock acquisition rights held by a party belonging to a specific group of shareholders that holds 20% or more of the ratio of voting rights are not subject to acquisition.

8. Exercise period regarding stock acquisition rights:

The day on which an allotment of stock acquisition rights becomes effective, the exercise period, conditions of acquisition and other necessary subject matter regarding stock acquisition rights shall be separately determined by the board of directors of the Company. With respect to the call-rights of the Company, the Company may set terms and conditions to the effect that the Company may acquire stock acquisition rights held by any party other than those for whom exercise of the stock acquisition rights is not permitted pursuant to the conditions of exercise as stated in 7. above, and one share may be delivered per one stock acquisition right.

End of document

Names and brief career summaries of the members of the Independent Committee

Shuichi Suzuki		Date of birth: September 4, 1957
Brief	Apr. 1989	Registered as Attorney
career	May 2005	Established Yamada, Goya & Suzuki Law Office (partner) (present)
summary	Jun. 2010	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the Company (present)
	Jun. 2011	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member, Kawasaki Kinkai Kisen Kaisha, Ltd. (present)
Yoshitaka Takahashi		Date of birth: October 14, 1954
Brief	Apr. 1977	Joined Honda Motor Co., Ltd.
career	Apr. 1995	Manager, Honda Transmission Manufacturing (U.S.)
summary	Jun. 2001	Administration Manager, Guangqi Honda Automobile Co., Ltd. (China)
	Apr. 2007	Manager, Business Management Department, Kumamoto Factory, Honda Motor Co., Ltd.
	Jun. 2009	Audit & Supervisory Board Member (Full-time), Yachiyo Industry Co., Ltd.
	Jul. 2013	Advisor, Yachiyo Industry Co., Ltd.
	Jun. 2014	Outside Audit & Supervisory Board Member of the Company (present)
Shinji Morimoto		Date of birth: June 27, 1952
Brief	Nov. 1975	Joined Price Waterhouse & Co. (present PricewaterhouseCoopers Aarata)
career	May 1980	Registered as Certified Public Accountant
summary	May 1987	Joined Aoki International Co., Ltd. (present Aoki Holdings, Inc.)
	Jun. 1989	Managing Director in charge of Management Planning, Aoki International Co., Ltd.
	Jul. 1998	Joined PwC Consulting Service Co., Ltd. (present GBS Division, IBM Japan, Ltd.)
		Director in charge of Consumer Goods and Retail Industry
	Apr. 2006	Joined Shinnihon Audit Corp. (present Ernst & Young ShinNihon LLC)
	Jul. 2007	Senior Partner, Shinnihon Audit Corp.
	Jan. 2015	Established Office Business Inspire, Representative (present)
	Dec. 2015	Outside Director, Lockon Co., Ltd. (present)

End of document

Outline of Independent Committee

1. Members

The Independent Committee consists of three (3) or more outside directors or outside audit & supervisory board members who have satisfied the “criteria for independence of outside officers” established by the Company, appointed by the board of directors of the Company.

2. Term

The term of members of the Independent Committee expires at the conclusion of the first meeting of the board of directors of the Company held by July 31, which is immediately after the completion of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the business year that ends within three (3) years after the assumption of office as members; provided, however, that if the extension of the Policy on Handling of Large-Scale Purchases is resolved at the said meeting of the board of directors, unless otherwise resolved, the members be regarded to have been reappointed at the said meeting of the board of directors, and the term shall be extended for three (3) years.

3. Resolution requirements

In principle, all the incumbent members of the Independent Committee, excluding specially interested parties, must be present, and resolutions of the Independent Committee shall be adopted by an affirmative vote of a majority of the members present at a meeting of the Independent Committee; provided, however, that when there is any unavoidable reason, a majority of the members of the Independent Committee must be present, and resolutions of such Independent Committee shall be adopted by an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the Independent Committee present at such meeting of the Independent Committee.

4. Matters to be resolved and other matters

The Independent Committee shall deliberate on and resolve (i) whether or not a Large-Scale Purchase is deemed to significantly undermine the interests of all shareholders of the Company, (ii) whether or not a Large-Scale Buyer has complied with the Rules for Large-Scale Purchases, (iii) whether or not the exercise of countermeasures is necessary and reasonable, or such countermeasures should be performed, (iv) whether or not the exercise of countermeasures should be suspended, and (v) the procedures for confirmation of shareholders’ intentions that should be taken and other matters on which the board of directors has sought consultation, and shall provide advice to the board of directors based on the details of such resolution. In the case where the Independent Committee provides advice to the board of directors, the Independent Committee must provide reasons therefor. Members of the Independent Committee are required to faithfully carry out their duties solely from a viewpoint of the interests of all shareholders of the Company, and such members may not perform such duties for the purpose of securing their own interests or those of any third party (including management of the Company).

In order to ensure an appropriate judgment, in conducting the above-mentioned actions, the Independent Committee shall make efforts to collect necessary and sufficient information, and, to the

extent necessary, the Independent Committee may, at the Company's expense, obtain advice from outside experts, including financial advisors, certified public accountants, lawyers, consultants and other experts.

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